

BRANDING IRON COMPARISON

ELECTRIC BRANDING IRON

- Basic designs
- \cdot Can't adjust the thickness of the element such a horn tapers
- · Easiest to use of all branding methods
- \cdot Fast, consistent, even heating of the branding iron
- 110 or 220 volt power
- \cdot Can be powered with a generator or power inverter
- · Vented at all intersection points for cleaner more consistent brands
- \cdot Can be used to brand animals, wood, leather or anything that will burn, not meant for corporate logos

FIRE HEATED BRANDING IRON (BRASS)

- \cdot Ability to taper or adjust the brand face as necessary
- · Ability to brands multiple animals with one heating of the iron
- · Ability to create a wide variety of designs including tapers and varying face widths
- · Vented at all intersection points for cleaner more consistent brands
- \cdot Can be used to brand animals, wood, leather or anything that will burn
- · Is susceptible to blotching on intricate and tight designs
- \cdot Caution must be used when using a propane heater to heat these irons

FIRE HEATED BRANDING IRON (STAINLESS STEEL)

- \cdot Same type of traditional hot brand that has been around for thousands of years
- \cdot Face width is 3/16" only and cannot vary
- \cdot Ability to use as both a hot brand as well as a freeze brand without effecting the branding iron
- \cdot Best hot branding iron to use with a propane branding iron heater
- \cdot Vented at all intersection points for cleaner more consistent brands
- \cdot Can be used to brand animals, wood, leather or anything that will burn
- \cdot Is susceptible to blotching on intricate and tight designs

FREEZE BRANDING IRON

- \cdot Made of solid brass, best and most consistent material for freeze branding
- \cdot Cannot be used as a hot branding iron
- \cdot Can achieve a hot branding appearance on the animal using the freezing process
- · Ability to create a wide variety of designs including tapers and varying face widths
- \cdot Is not as susceptible to blotching on intricate and tight designs
- · No need to vent intersection points